

The NAIS Demographic Center 2010 Local Area Reports

CBSA: San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA

Local Area Reports summarize key demographic changes for a specific geographic region, suggest strategic considerations for schools given these changes, and offer resources that can assist schools in dealing with an ever-changing marketplace.

The data presented in this report are obtained from the NAIS Detailed Trend Report & Analysis – 2010. For specific demographic reports for your geographic region, please visit the <u>NAIS Demographic Center</u>.

Key Findings

School Age Population

- During 2000-2010, the number of households with children *Age 0 to 17 Years* shrank from 499,230 to 470,024 (-5.85 percent) in the CBSA of **San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA**. This number is expected to increase by 9.08 percent during the next five years, totaling 512,702 in 2015.
- 2. The School Age Population group is expected to increase in 2015. Compared to the 2000-2010 increase of 3.89 percent, the population of children Age 0 to 17 Years is projected to increase by 4.44 percent from 967,707 in 2010 to 1,010,667 in 2015.
- 3. By gender, the *Female Population Age 0 to 17 Years* group is expected to increase by 3.94 percent from 467,625 in 2010 to 486,065 in 2015, while the *Male Population Age 0 to 17 Years* group will increase by 4.39 percent from 500,082 in 2010 to 522,013 in 2015.

Number of Children

4. By age and gender, the *Female Population Age 5 to 9 Years* group is expected to increase by 3.51 percent from 131,441 in 2010 to 136,053 in 2015, and increase by 3.42 percent for boys in the same age group from 141,541 in 2010 to 146,376 in 2015. The numbers for all groups are shown in the table below.

	MALE SCHO	OL AGE POPULATIO	N BY AGE	FEMALE SCHOOL AGE POPULATION BY AGE					
	2010 2015 (2010		% Growth (2010-2015)	2010	2015	% Growth (2010-2015)			
Age 0 to 4 Years	147,462	162,234	10.02	137,930	150,618	9.20			
Age 5 to 9 Years	141,541	146,376	3.42	131,441	136,053	3.51			
Age 10 to 13 Years	107,427	108,484	0.98	101,374	101,810	0.43			
Age 14 to 17 Years	103,652	104,919	1.22	96,880	97,584	0.73			

5. For 'Population in School', *Kindergarten* and *Grades 1 to 4* are expected to increase by 8.27 percent and 8.27 percent, respectively, between 2010 and 2015, while *Nursery or Preschool* is expected to increase by 11.58 percent from 76,278 in 2010 to 85,108 in 2015. When broken down by gender, the number of girls and boys attending nursery or preschool will increase 11.15 percent and increase 11.98 percent, respectively, during the period 2010-

2015. The numbers for all groups are shown in the table below.

	POPU	LATION IN SCH	100L	MALE PO	PULATION IN S	CHOOL	FEMALE POPULATION IN SCHOOL			
	2010	2015	% Growth (2010-2015)	2010	2015	% Growth (2010-2015)	2010	2015	% Growth (2010-2015)	
Nursery or Preschool	76,278	85,108	11.58	39,413	44,134	11.98	36,865	40,974	11.15	
Kindergarten	56,820	61,518	8.27	29,461	31,883	8.22	27,359	29,635	8.32	
Grades 1 to 4	227,280	246,071	8.27	117,845	127,533	8.22	109,436	118,539	8.32	
Grades 5 to 8	217,305	229,028	5.39	111,803	118,148	5.68	105,502	110,879	5.10	
Grades 9 to 12	208,700	220,543	5.67	107,873	114,266	5.93	100,826	106,278	5.41	

Enrollment in Private Schools

- 6. The population enrolled in private schools increased by 5.75 percent during the years 2000-2010; and is expected to increase by 6.80 percent in 2015 from 153,581 in 2010 to 164,023 in 2015. While total public school enrollment increased 1.27 percent during the years 2000-2010, it will increase by 7.18 percent between 2010 and 2015.
- 7. During 2000-2010, male preprimary enrollment in private schools increased by 26.07 percent and female preprimary enrollment by 23.40 percent. During 2010-2015, male preprimary enrollment in private schools is anticipated to increase by 14.66 percent from 26,239 in 2010 to 30,086 in 2015; while female preprimary enrollment is expected to increase by 13.80 percent from 24,543 in 2010 to 27,931 in 2015. Further, the anticipated changes in male and female enrollment rates for elementary and high school are 3.26 percent and 2.97 percent, respectively.

Population by Race and Ethnicity

- 8. The African American population decreased by -4.71 percent between 2000-2010; the population of Hispanics increased by 25.51 percent; the Asian population increased by 22.07 percent. The Other population increased by 24.77 percent; and the White population decreased by -3.36 percent during the years 2000-2010.
- 9. While the White population represents 52.01 percent of the total population, it is expected to increase from 2,261,367 in 2010 to 2,278,163 in 2015 (0.74 percent). All other racial/ethnic groups are predicted to vary between 2010 and 2015, especially the Hispanic population, which will increase from 920,313 in 2010 to 1,077,242 in 2015 (17.05 percent).

Numbers of Affluent Families

10. The number of families with school-age children and incomes of at least \$100,000 per year is predicted to change through 2015 as shown in the table below. In particular, *Families with one or more children aged 0-4 and Income \$150,000 and \$199,999* is expected to increase from 13,395 in 2010 to 17,288 in 2015 (29.06 percent).

	INCOME \$100,000 TO \$124,999			INCOME \$125,000 TO \$149,999		<u>INCOME</u> \$150,000 TO \$199,999			INCOME \$200,000 TO \$349,999			<u>INCOME</u> \$350,000 AND OVER			
	2010	2015	% Growth (2010- 2015)	2010	2015	% Growth (2010- 2015)	2010	2015	% Growth (2010- 2015)	2010	2015	% Growth (2010- 2015)	2010	2015	% Growth (2010- 2015)
Aged 0-4	18,073	23,405	29.50	14,521	20,614	41.96	13,395	17,288	29.06	11,510	16,346	42.02	8,652	12,498	44.45
Aged 5-9	17,287	21,129	22.22	13,890	18,610	33.98	12,812	15,607	21.82	11,009	14,757	34.04	8,276	11,282	36.32
Aged 10- 13	13,223	15,733	18.98	10,624	13,857	30.43	9,800	11,620	18.57	8,421	10,988	30.48	6,330	8,401	32.72

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	14-	12,699	15,150	19.30	10,203	13,343	30.78	9,412	11,190	18.89	8,087	10,581	30.84	6,079	8,090	33.08	1
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11. The number of African American, Asian, and Other households with incomes of at least \$100,000 per year will shift between 2010 and 2015, as shown in the table below. In particular, *Other Households with Income \$125,000 and \$149,999* are projected to increase by 81.85 percent, from 10,829 in 2010 to 19,693 in 2015.

	BLAC	K HOUSEHOL	<u>DS</u>	ASIA	N HOUSEHOLI	<u>DS</u>	OTHER HOUSEHOLDS			
	2010 2015 % Growth (2010-2015)		2010	2015	% Growth (2010-2015)	2010	2015	% Growth (2010-2015)		
Income \$100,000 to \$124,999	12,920	17,500	35.45	37,782	53,530	41.68	18,612	31,502	69.26	
Income \$125,000 to \$149,999	7,766	10,594	36.42	27,407	43,523	58.80	10,829	19,693	81.85	
Income \$150,000 to \$199,999	4,675	5,930	26.84	25,628	34,637	35.15	8,692	11,219	29.07	
Income \$200,000 and Over	5,293	6,931	30.95	27,030	46,885	73.46	7,602	13,347	75.57	

12. The number of Hispanic households with annual incomes of at least \$100,000 per year is also forecasted to change as shown in the table below. For example, *Hispanic Households with Income \$200,000 and Over* are projected to increase from 9,872 in 2010 to 14,727 in 2015 (49.18 percent).

		HISPANIC HOUSEHOLDS	
	2010	2015	% Growth (2010-2015)
Income \$100,000 to \$124,999	27,224	42,383	55.68
Income \$125,000 to \$149,999	15,641	23,887	52.72
Income \$150,000 to \$199,999	10,944	15,140	38.34
Income \$200,000 and Over	9,872	14,727	49.18

13. The number of *Households by Home Value* also shifted between 2000 and 2010. In particular, the number of households with homes valued between \$250,000 and \$299,999 decreased by -9.81 percent during this period. The number of households with homes valued between \$400,000 and \$499,999 is expected to increased from 169,745 in 2010 to 191,885 in 2015 (13.04 percent).

		HOUSEHOLDS BY HOME VALUE								
	2000	2010	2015	% Growth (2000-2010)	% Growth (2010-2015)					
Less than \$250,000	266,687	109,931	102,552	-58.78	-6.71					
\$250,000-\$299,999	93,654	84,466	88,996	-9.81	5.36					
\$300,000-\$399,999	166,124	130,679	125,834	-21.34	-3.71					
\$400,000-\$499,999	118,272	169,745	191,885	43.52	13.04					
\$500,000-\$749,999	125,326	237,494	234,687	89.50	-1.18					
\$750,000-\$999,999	47,528	128,629	168,939	170.64	31.34					
More than \$1,000,000	43,714	65,289	76,193	49.35	16.70					

Population with Higher Education

14. The number of people older than 25 years of age who hold college degrees in the CBSA of **San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA** increased 13.35 percent, from 689,942 in 2000 to 782,030 in 2010. This number is expected to increase by 9.23 percent through 2015. For people older than 25 years of age who hold graduate degrees, their numbers increased from 412,326 in 2000 to 457,053 in 2010 (10.85 percent), and it is forecasted this population will increase an additional 6.55 percent by the year 2015.

Strategic Considerations for Schools

Given the findings of this report, independent schools in the CBSA of **San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA** need to consider what strategies they will implement now to ensure full classrooms in the years ahead. For example, this may mean further diversifying enrollment in terms of gender, ethnicity, and income. Some of the questions that schools should consider are:

General Considerations

- Considering these demographic changes, on which areas does our school most need to focus?
- Have we benchmarked our school's admission statistics? How do they look in comparison to other schools in our community? Do we understand the strengths and weaknesses of our own numbers?
- How well do we know our market? Do we know who our competitors are (other independent schools, magnet schools, charter schools, Catholic schools, regular public schools, home schoolers, etc.)? How familiar are people in our community with our school mission and value proposition?
- If we have feeder schools, are we watching their changes in enrollment to understand how our school could be impacted?

Responding to School-Age Population Changes

- Does our school have a waiting list? Is the school working at maximum enrollment capacity already? What do our admission statistics look like (inquiries, applications, acceptances, enrollees)? Are there changes that need our attention?
- If our school is in high demand, what tuition policy should it follow?
- What are the demographic shifts in the geographic areas from which we recruit students?
 Are the statistics more favorable in surrounding areas from which we have not traditionally recruited students? What would it take to attract these populations?
- What percentage of all children would we need to attract to survive? Is that doable?
- Have we considered merging with another school? Should we consider going coed (for single-sex schools)? How would this affect our mission?
- How many students attending public schools can afford our school? Can we lure them away from the public system? How would we make our case?
- What is the typical profile of families in our school? Do we know why they are enrolling their children in our school?

 Can we work with local businesses and the chamber of commerce to attract new families to the area?

Responding to Racial/Ethnic Changes

- Given the shifts in demographics, what percentage of students of color should the school aim for? How do our diversity numbers compare to those of this geographic region?
- What are the key characteristics that parents of color are looking for in a school? Does our school offer these attributes? Do we highlight these characteristics in messages?
- What communication channels should the school use to reach out to the people of color in its community? Should the school include other languages in its communications with parents?
- Do we know why families of color who can afford our tuition are not enrolling their children in our school? Do we know where these families are located?

Responding to Household Income Changes

- Are middle-class families aware of all the options offered to pursue an education in our school (need-based financial aid, merit awards, tuition payment plans, and tuition loan programs)?
- Are our students' grandparents nearby? What percentage of students have their tuitions paid for by their grandparents? How can we involve grandparents in the life of the school?

Financial Considerations

- What financial planning do we need to do to ensure the school is financially stable during economic downturns?
- If our school is facing high demand, what financial planning do we need to ensure a sound use of the resources?
- Are building improvements needed?
- Can we afford to offer better salaries or benefits? What major investment projects are needed?
- What are the best/most profitable fund-raising activities? Is our school relying mainly on tuition as a source of revenue? Are there other opportunities for revenue enhancement (non-tuition options)?

- Who are our best donors? What is their profile? Since we are dealing with different generations, do we understand how to attract them? Are they more responsive to mail or online solicitations?
- What causes are our donors more inclined to support? How should the school keep them informed about the use of charitable funds?

Resources That Can Help

- 1. Trends To stay abreast of changing trends, in addition to the NAIS Demographic Center, school administrators can check the following website: www.hermangroup.com. Also, the NAIS Opinion Leaders' Survey (free to browse at www.nais.org or buy in bulk to share) identifies what demographic, social, economic, political, scientific, and technological trends opinion leaders in education, business, and the media believe will have the greatest impact on independent education in the future. This report also suggests actions that schools should consider now to successfully manage these important trends.
- 2. **Benchmarking** To gather data and conduct benchmark analysis, schools can participate in the StatsOnline annual survey (www.nais.org/go/statsonline). StatsOnline collects data on admissions, annual giving, financial aid, financial operations, salaries, schools, students, staff, and tuition. Available tools include:

 **Benchmarking tools to create custom groups and reports based upon an
 - Benchmarking tools to create custom groups and reports based upon any of the survey variables.
 - ❖ Financing Schools Calculator to project budgets based on various preferred and possible scenarios to see the impact on the "bottom line" of changes in some of the variables.
 - Executive Compensation Reports that you can provide to your board or compensation committee so they can either authorize or perform a comparative compensation study (of salary, other forms of compensation, and benefits) and create a documented "rebuttable presumption" of the reasonableness of the compensation (available only to heads and business managers).
- 3. Market Research The report, Marketing Independent Schools to Generation X and Minority Parents (free to download at www.nais.org/go/advocacy), provides information on the factors that are relevant to families of color and Generation X parents when selecting schools for their children. It also gives specific advice on which messages to consider when reaching out to particular groups of families. In addition, the NAIS Public Opinion Poll (free to download at www.nais.org/go/advocacy) provides information on characteristics the American public associates with a quality education and their perceptions of independent schools. The members-only version of the report also includes implications and recommendations for ways schools can communicate with constituents about the value of independent education.
- 4. Advocacy and Marketing NAIS has created several resources to help you

- communicate with important constituents like prospective students and families, prospective teachers, the media, and policymakers. They can help you explain the value of independent education and of your school:
 - Values Added: The Lifelong Returns of an Independent School Education (free to download at www.nais.org/go/advocacy).
 - Admission and Marketing Tools (brochures, ad templates, video clips, etc. at www.nais.org/go/advocacy).
 - Communications Handbook (free to download at www.nais.org/go/advocacy).
 - ❖ NAIS Parent Guide (information about admission and financial aid designed for parents www.nais.org/go/parents).
- 5. Financial Sustainability NAIS believes that schools need to work toward financial sustainability by becoming more efficient and strategic financially to ensure long-term viability. As part of NAIS's Sustainability Initiative (<u>www.nais.org/sustainableschools/</u>), we have assembled below articles, presentations, and reports on admission-marketing, development, leadership, communications, and finance topics, all related to financial sustainability.
 - * Parents Views on Independent Schools under the Current Economic Situation.
 - Demography and the Economy
 - AdmissionQuest's podcast: Exploring School Sustainability Directions & Ideas with Patrick Bassett
 - Admission Trends, Families, and the School Search
 - ❖ Enrollment Dilemmas, Part I and Part II
 - Sticky Messages
 - Net Tuition Revenue Management: The Why, When, and How, NAIS Leadership Series (Article 2010)
 - <u>Enrollment and Marketing Considerations in a Tight Financial Market</u>, NAIS Leadership Series (Article 2010)

The 2006 NAIS Non-Tuition Survey presents alternative sources of revenue to tuitions, annual/capital giving, and investments that many schools have in place to achieve the balance between costs and income. http://www.nais.org/resources/seriesdoc.cfm?ltemNumber=148270.

StatsOnline is available to five key administrators at each participating school who are responsible for providing the statistical data each year. The five administrators include: head, business manager, director of admission, director of development, and director of financial aid.

[&]quot;Other race" includes all other responses not included in the "white," "black or African American," "American Indian and Alaska Native," "Asian," and "Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander" race categories. Respondents providing write-in entries, such as multiracial, mixed, interracial, or a Hispanic/Latino group (for example, Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Cuban) are included here.

EASI NAIS Detailed Trend Report & Analysis - 2010

CBSA Name: San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA

CBSA Code: 41860

CBSA Type (1=Metro, 2=Micro): 1

State Name: California Dominant Profile: SUB_BUS

					%
				%	Growth
				Growth	Forecast
Description	2000	2010	2015	(2000-2010)	(2010-2015)
Total Population and Households					
Population	4,123,740	4,347,767	4,633,215	5.43	6.57
Households	1,551,948	1,661,661	1,778,571	7.07	7.04
Households with School Age Population					
Households with Children Age 0 to 17 Years	499,230	470,024	512,702	-5.85	9.08
Percent of Households with Children Age 0 to 17 Years	32.17	28.29	28.83	-12.06	1.91
School Age Population					
Population Age 0 to 17 Years	931,453	967,707	1,010,667	3.89	4.44
Population Age 0 to 4 Years	254,909	285,392	312,852	11.96	9.62
Population Age 5 to 9 Years	270,511		282,429	0.91	3.46
Population Age 10 to 13 Years	206,507	,	210,294	1.11	0.72
Population Age 14 to 17 Years	199,526	200,532	202,503	0.50	0.98
School Age Population by Gender					
Male Population Age 0 to 17 Years	477,317	•	522,013	4.77	4.39
Female Population Age 0 to 17 Years	454,136	467,625	486,065	2.97	3.94
Male School Age Population by Age					
Male Population Age 0 to 4 Years	130,346	147,462	162,234	13.13	10.02
Male Population Age 5 to 9 Years	138,433	141,541	146,376	2.25	3.42
Male Population Age 10 to 13 Years	105,975	107,427	108,484	1.37	0.98
Male Population Age 14 to 17 Years	102,563	103,652	104,919	1.06	1.22
Female School Age Population by Age					
Female Population Age 0 to 4 Years	124,563	137,930	150,618	10.73	9.20
Female Population Age 5 to 9 Years	132,078	131,441	136,053	-0.48	3.51
Female Population Age 10 to 13 Years	100,532		101,810	0.84	0.43
Female Population Age 14 to 17 Years	96,963	96,880	97,584	-0.09	0.73
Population in School					
Nursery or Preschool	70,783	76,278	85,108	7.76	11.58
Kindergarten	55,922	-	61,518	1.61	8.27
Grades 1 to 4	223,688		-	1.61	8.27
Grades 5 to 8	213,454	-		1.80	
Grades 9 to 12	206,238	208,700	220,543	1.19	5.67
Population in School by Gender					
Male Enrolled in School	204 027	406 20E	425.064	2.02	7 30
Female Enrolled in School	394,837 375,248	406,395 379,988	435,964 406,304	2.93 1.26	7.28 6.93
	313,248	313,300	400,304	1.20	0.93
Male Population in School by Grade					

Male Nursery or Preschool	36,194	39,413	44,134	8.89	11.98
Male Kindergarten	28,618	29,461	31,883	2.95	8.22
Male Grades 1 to 4	114,472	117,845	127,533	2.95	8.22
Male Grades 5 to 8	109,540	111,803	118,148	2.07	5.68
Male Grades 9 to 12	106,013	107,873	114,266	1.75	5.93
Female Population in School by Grade					
Female Nursery or Preschool	34,589	36,865	40,974	6.58	11.15
Female Kindergarten	27,304	27,359	29,635	0.20	8.32
Female Grades 1 to 4	109,217	109,436	118,539	0.20	8.32
Female Grades 5 to 8	103,914	105,502	110,879	1.53	5.10
Female Grades 9 to 12	100,225	100,826	106,278	0.60	5.41
Population in School					
Education, Total Enrollment (Pop 3+)	770,085	786,383	842,268	2.12	7.11
Education, Not Enrolled in School (Pop 3+)	2,860,407	2,996,362	3,188,493	4.75	6.41
Population in Public vs Private School					
Education, Enrolled Private Schools (Pop 3+)	145,234	153,581	164,023	5.75	6.80
Education, Enrolled Private Preprimary (Pop 3+)	40,702	50,782	58,017	24.77	14.25
Education, Enrolled Private Elementary or High School (Pop 3+)	104,532	102,799	106,006	-1.66	3.12
Education, Enrolled Public Schools (Pop 3+)	624,851	632,802	678,245	1.27	7.18
Education, Enrolled Public Preprimary (Pop 3+)	30,081	25,496	27,091	-15.24	6.26
Education, Enrolled Public Elementary or High School (Pop 3+)	594,770	607,306	651,154	2.11	7.22
Population in Public vs Private School by Gender					
Male Population in Public vs Private School					
Male Education, Enrolled Private Schools (Pop 3+)	74,423	79,366	84,944	6.64	7.03
Male Education, Enrolled Private Preprimary (Pop 3+)	20,813	26,239	30,086	26.07	14.66
Male Education, Enrolled Private Elementary or High School (Pop 3+)	53,610	53,126	54,858	-0.90	3.26
Male Education, Enrolled Public Schools (Pop 3+)	320,414	327,029	351,020	2.06	7.34
Male Education, Enrolled Public Preprimary (Pop 3+)	15,382	13,174	14,048	-14.35	6.63
Male Education, Enrolled Public Elementary or High School (Pop 3+)	305,033	313,855	336,972	2.89	7.37
Female Population in Public vs Private School	,	•	,		
Female Education, Enrolled Private Schools (Pop 3+)	70,811	74,215	79,079	4.81	6.55
Female Education, Enrolled Private Preprimary (Pop 3+)	19,889	24,543	27,931	23.40	13.80
Female Education, Enrolled Private Elementary or High School (Pop 3+)	50,922	49,673	51,148	-2.45	2.97
Female Education, Enrolled Public Schools (Pop 3+)	304,437	305,773	327,225	0.44	7.02
Female Education, Enrolled Public Preprimary (Pop 3+)	14,699	12,322	13,043	-16.17	5.85
Female Education, Enrolled Public Elementary or High School (Pop 3+)	289,737	293,451	314,182	1.28	7.06
	203,707	250, .52	01.,102	1.20	7.00
Population by Race					
White Population, Alone	2 3/10 035	2 261 367	2 278 163	-3.36	0.74
Black Population, Alone	396,908	378,200	424,037	-3.30 -4.71	12.12
Asian Population, Alone	817,906	•	1,089,285	22.07	9.10
Other Population	568,891	•	841,730	24.77	18.59
Other ropulation	550,051	, 55,765	5 71,730	24.77	10.53
Population by Ethnicity					
Hispanic Population	722 240	020 212	1 077 242	25 51	17.05
·	•	920,313		25.51	17.05
White Non-Hispanic Population	2,020,022	2,030,229	2,034,732	0.21	0.22

Population by Race As Percent of Total Population

Percent of White Population, Alone	56.75	52.01	49.17	-8.35	-5.46
Percent of Black Population, Alone	9.62	8.70	9.15	-9.56	5.17
Percent of Asian Population, Alone	19.83	22.96	23.51	15.78	2.40
Percent of Other Population	13.80	16.33	18.17	18.33	11.27
Population by Ethnicity As Percent of Total Population					
Percent of Hispanic Population	17.78	21.17	23.25	19.07	9.83
Percent of White Non-Hispanic Population	49.13	46.70	43.92	-4.95	-5.95
Educational Attainment	500.040	702.000	054000	40.05	0.00
Education Attainment, College (Pop 25+)	689,942	782,030	854,228	13.35	9.23
Education Attainment, Graduate Degree (Pop 25+)	412,326	457,053	486,991	10.85	6.55
Household Income					
Household Income, Median (\$)	62,006	80,439	94,780	29.73	17.83
Household Income, Average (\$)	83,351	113,164	146,639	35.77	29.58
Trouberrole Internity Arteriage (4)	03,331	113,101	110,033	33.77	25.50
Households by Income					
Households with Income Less than \$25,000	291,364	239,078	204,530	-17.95	-14.45
Households with Income \$25,000 to \$49,999	340,802	271,517	232,823	-20.33	-14.25
Households with Income \$50,000 to \$74,999	299,449	268,428	240,233	-10.36	-10.50
Households with Income \$75,000 to \$99,999	213,243	238,150	267,565	11.68	12.35
Households with Income \$100,000 to \$124,999	142,362	186,133	232,966	30.75	25.16
Households with Income \$125,000 to \$149,999	83,908	142,385	191,969	69.69	34.82
Households with Income \$150,000 to \$199,999	85,798	128,681	156,142	49.98	21.34
Households with Income \$200,000 and Over	95,022	187,289	252,343	97.10	34.73
Families by Age of Children and Income					
Families with one or more children aged 0-4 and Income \$100,000 to \$124,999	15,241	18,073	23,405	18.58	29.50
Families with one or more children aged 5-9 and Income \$100,000 to \$124,999	16,174	17,287	21,129	6.88	22.22
Families with one or more children aged 10-13 and Income \$100,000 to \$124,999	12,347	13,223	15,733	7.09	18.98
Families with one or more children aged 14-17 and Income \$100,000 to \$124,999	11,930	12,699	15,150	6.45	19.30
Families with one or more children aged 0-4 and Income \$125,000 to \$149,999	9,082	14,521	20,614	59.89	41.96
Families with one or more children aged 5-9 and Income \$125,000 to \$149,999	9,638	13,890	18,610	44.12	33.98
Families with one or more children aged 10-13 and Income \$125,000 to \$149,999 Families with one or more children aged 14-17 and Income \$125,000 to \$149,999	7,358 7,109	10,624 10,203	13,857 13,343	44.39 43.52	30.43 30.78
Families with one or more children aged 0-4 and Income \$150,000 to \$199,999	9,433	13,395	17,288	42.00	29.06
Families with one or more children aged 5-9 and Income \$150,000 to \$199,999	10,010	12,812	15,607	27.99	23.00
Families with one or more children aged 10-13 and Income \$150,000 to \$199,999	7,642	9,800	11,620	28.24	18.57
Families with one or more children aged 14-17 and Income \$150,000 to \$199,999	7,383	9,412	11,190	27.48	18.89
Families with one or more children aged 0-4 and Income \$200,000 to \$349,999	6,182	11,510	16,346	86.19	42.02
Families with one or more children aged 5-9 and Income \$200,000 to \$349,999	6,561	11,009	14,757	67.79	34.04
Families with one or more children aged 10-13 and Income \$200,000 to \$349,999	5,008	8,421	10,988	68.15	30.48
Families with one or more children aged 14-17 and Income \$200,000 to \$349,999	4,839	8,087	10,581	67.12	30.84
Families with one or more children aged 0-4 and Income \$350,000 and over	4,516	8,652	12,498	91.59	44.45
Families with one or more children aged 5-9 and Income \$350,000 and over	4,792	8,276	11,282	72.70	36.32
Families with one or more children aged 10-13 and Income \$350,000 and over	3,658	6,330	8,401	73.05	32.72
Families with one or more children aged 14-17 and Income \$350,000 and over	3,535	6,079	8,090	71.97	33.08
Households by Home Value					
Housing, Owner Households Valued Less than \$250,000	266,687	109,931	102,552	-58.78	-6.71
Housing, Owner Households Valued \$250,000-\$299,999	93,654	84,466	88,996	-9.81	5.36

Housing, Owner Households Valued \$300,000-\$399,999	166,124	130,679	125,834	-21.34	-3.71
Housing, Owner Households Valued \$400,000-\$499,999	118,272	169,745	191,885	43.52	13.04
Housing, Owner Households Valued \$500,000-\$749,999	125,326	237,494	234,687	89.50	-1.18
Housing, Owner Households Valued \$750,000-\$999,999	47,528	128,629	168,939	170.64	31.34
Housing, Owner Households Valued More than \$1,000,000	43,714	65,289	76,193	49.35	16.70
Herrebelde by Loneth of Besidence					
Households by Length of Residence					
Length of Residence Less than 2 Years	83,356	426,402	487,335	411.54	14.29
Length of Residence 3 to 5 Years	125,034	639,603	731,003	411.54	14.29
Length of Residence 6 to 10 Years	437,433	458,504	495,733	4.82	8.12
Length of Residence More than 10 Years	906,126	137,152	64,500	-84.86	-52.97
Households by Race and Income					
White Households by Income					
White Households with Income Less than \$25,000	157,363	108,009	84,489	-31.36	-21.78
White Households with Income \$25,000 to \$49,999	209,663	140,804	112,190	-32.84	-20.32
White Households with Income \$50,000 to \$74,999	192,951	149,876	127,762	-22.32	-14.75
White Households with Income \$75,000 to \$99,999	142,342	142,289	145,652	-0.04	2.36
White Households with Income \$100,000 to \$124,999	99,625	116,819	130,434	17.26	11.65
White Households with Income \$125,000 to \$149,999	59,980	96,383	118,159	60.69	22.59
White Households with Income \$150,000 to \$199,999	63,284	89,686	104,356	41.72	16.36
White Households with Income \$200,000 and Over	79,260	147,364	185,180	85.92	25.66
Black Households by Income					
Black Households with Income Less than \$25,000	51,548	39,243	39,907	-23.87	1.69
Black Households with Income \$25,000 to \$49,999	40,752	32,051	33,898	-21.35	5.76
Black Households with Income \$50,000 to \$74,999	25,728	24,454	27,069	-4.95	10.69
Black Households with Income \$75,000 to \$99,999	14,946	18,483	24,155	23.67	30.69
Black Households with Income \$100,000 to \$124,999	7,604	12,920	17,500	69.91	35.45
Black Households with Income \$125,000 to \$149,999	3,850	7,766	10,594	101.71	36.42
Black Households with Income \$150,000 to \$199,999 Black Households with Income \$200,000 and Over	3,126 2,353	4,675 5,293	5,930 6,931	49.55 124.95	26.84 30.95
black riouserious with income \$200,000 and over	2,333	3,293	0,931	124.93	30.33
Asian Households by Income					
Asian Households with Income Less than \$25,000	51,532	55,132	47,715	6.99	-13.45
Asian Households with Income \$25,000 to \$49,999	50,398	51,146	44,195	1.48	-13.59
Asian Households with Income \$50,000 to \$74,999	49,027	52,506	42,514	7.10	-19.03
Asian Households with Income \$75,000 to \$99,999	37,597	47,210	53,697	25.57	13.74
Asian Households with Income \$100,000 to \$124,999	25,124	37,782	53,530	50.38	41.68
Asian Households with Income \$125,000 to \$149,999	14,937	27,407	43,523	83.48	58.80
Asian Households with Income \$150,000 to \$199,999	15,046	25,628	34,637	70.33	35.15
Asian Households with Income \$200,000 and Over	10,437	27,030	46,885	158.98	73.46
Other Households by Income					
Other Households with Income Less than \$25,000	30,921	36,694	32,419	18.67	-11.65
Other Households with Income \$25,000 to \$49,999	39,989	47,516	42,540	18.82	-10.47
Other Households with Income \$50,000 to \$74,999	31,743	41,592	42,888	31.03	3.12
Other Households with Income \$75,000 to \$99,999	18,358	30,168	44,061	64.33	46.05
Other Households with Income \$100,000 to \$124,999	10,009	18,612	31,502	85.95	69.26
Other Households with Income \$125,000 to \$149,999	5,141	10,829	19,693	110.64	81.85
Other Households with Income \$150,000 to \$199,999	4,342	8,692	11,219	100.18	29.07
Other Households with Income \$200,000 and Over	2,972	7,602	13,347	155.79	75.57
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Households by Ethnicity and Income					
Hispanic Households by Income					
Hispanic Households with Income Less than \$25,000	37,341	38,177	38,017	2.24	-0.42
Hispanic Households with Income \$25,000 to \$49,999	53,238	55,822	57,441	4.85	2.90
Hispanic Households with Income \$50,000 to \$74,999	41,614	51,347	58,831	23.39	14.58
Hispanic Households with Income \$75,000 to \$99,999	24,502	41,041	57,236	67.50	39.46
Hispanic Households with Income \$100,000 to \$124,999	12,413	27,224	42,383	119.32	55.68
Hispanic Households with Income \$125,000 to \$149,999	6,405	15,641	23,887	144.20	52.72
Hispanic Households with Income \$150,000 to \$199,999	4,730	10,944	15,140	131.37	38.34
Hispanic Households with Income \$200,000 and Over	3,366	9,872	14,727	193.29	49.18
White Non-Hispanic Households by Income					
White Non-Hispanic Households with Income Less than \$25,000	139,154	105,335	82,062	-24.30	-22.09
White Non-Hispanic Households with Income \$25,000 to \$49,999	186,277	136,883	108,226	-26.52	-20.94
White Non-Hispanic Households with Income \$50,000 to \$74,999	174,997	146,298	123,739	-16.40	-15.42
White Non-Hispanic Households with Income \$75,000 to \$99,999	131,294	139,352	141,784	6.14	1.75
White Non-Hispanic Households with Income \$100,000 to \$124,999	93,618	114,843	127,679	22.67	11.18
White Non-Hispanic Households with Income \$125,000 to \$149,999	56,664	94,992	116,239	67.64	22.37
White Non-Hispanic Households with Income \$150,000 to \$199,999	60,644	88,852	103,122	46.51	16.06
White Non-Hispanic Households with Income \$200,000 and Over	76.702	145.775	182.900	90.05	25.47

Footnotes:

In the year 2000, the US Census changed the way it collected race data allowing respondents to report as many race categories as were necessary to identify themselves. Also, note that the federal government considers race and Hispanic origin to be two separate and distinct concepts. Peoples of Hispanic origin can be of any race.

The Median Household Income is the midpoint income in a ranking from low to high. Average Household Income is the sum of all incomes divided by the number of households.

Education Total Enrollment refers to the total population age 3 and above enrolled in school in this geography. Education Not Enrolled in School refers to the total population age 3 and above not enrolled in school in this geography.

Easy Analytic Software, Inc. (EASI) is the source of all updated estimates. All other data are derived from the US Census and other official government sources.

All estimates are as of 1/1/2010 unless otherwise stated.

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EASI Dominant Profiles

A dominant profile is a variable which attempts to define what is most unique about a given area. Within its demographic system, EASI has identified 39 profiles. The profile appearing at the top of the report is the dominant one for that geographic region. In some reports the profile nickname is all that is reported. Below is a listing of nicknames and their full description:

<u>Nickname</u>	<u>Full Name</u>	<u>Characteristic</u>
AB AV EDU	Above Average Education	Education Attainment, Graduate Degree (Pop 25+)
APT20	Apartments (20 or more units)	Housing, Occupied Structure with 20-49 Units
ARMFORCE	In the Armed Forces	Employment, Armed Forces Male (Pop 16+)
ASIAN_LANG	Very Asian	Population, Speaks Asian or Pacific Island Language (Pop 5+)
BEL EDU	Below Average Education	Education Attainment, < High School (Pop 25+)
BLUE EMPL	Blue Collar Employment	Employment, Blue Collar (Pop 16+)
BORN_USA	Born in America	Population, Citizenship - Native
EXP_HOMES	Expensive Homes	Housing, Owner Households Valued More than \$1,000,000
FOR_SALE	House for Sale	Housing, Vacant Units For Sale
LAR_FAM	Large Families	Families, 5 Person
MANY_CARS	Lots of Cars	Households with 4+ Vehicles
MED_AGE	Median Age	Population, Median Age
MED_INC	Median Income	Household Income, Median (\$)
NEW_HOMES	New Homes	Housing, Built 1999 or Later
NO_CAR	No Cars	Households with No Vehicles
NO_LABFOR	Not in Labor Force	Employment, Not in the Labor Force Male (Pop 16+)
NO_MOVE	Long Time Residents	Housing, Year Moved in 1969 or Earlier
NO_TEENS	Few Teens	Population Aged 12 to17 Years
OLD_HOMES	Old Homes	Housing, Built 1939 or Earlier
PRESCHL	Pre-School	Population Aged 0 to 5 Years
RECENT_MOV	Recent Movers	Housing, Year Moved in 1999 or Later
RENTAL	Available Renting Units	Housing, Vacant Units For Rent
RETIRED	Retired	Population Aged 65 to 74 Years
RICH_ASIAN	Very Rich Asians	Asian Household Income, High Income Average (\$)
RICH_BLK	Very Rich Blacks	Black Household Income, High Income Average (\$)
RICH_FAM	Very Rich Families	Family Income, High Income Average (\$)
RICH_HISP	Very Rich Hispanics	Hispanic Household Income, High Income Average (\$)
RICH_NFAM	Very Rich Non Families	Non-Family Income, High Income Average (\$)
RICH_OLD	Old and Rich Households	Household Head Aged 75+ and Income \$200K+
RICH_WHT	Very Rich Whites	White Household Income, High Income Average (\$)
RICH_YOUNG	Young and Rich Households	Household Head Aged <25 and Income \$200K+
SERV_EMPL	Service Employment	Occupation, Service (Pop 16+)
SPAN_LANG	Very Spanish	Population, Speaks Spanish (Pop 5+)
SUB_BUS	Subway or Bus to Work	Employment, Public Transportation to Work (Empl 16+)
TRAILER	Trailer Park City	Housing, Occupied Structure Trailer
UNATTACH	Unattached	Population, Males Never Married (Pop 15+)
UNEMPL	Unemployed	Employment, Unemployed Males (Pop 16+)
VERY_RICH	Very Rich Households	Household Income, High Income Average (\$)
WORK_HOME	Work at Home	Employment, Work at Home (Empl 16+)